WAR IN FAR BAST TO GO ON.

POSSIBLE MEDIATION BY ITALY WOULD BE INEFFECTUAL.

Czar Now Recognizes Japan as a Great Power, and His Plans Indicate a Fight to the Death at the Risk of Revolution No Authentie War News for a Week.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, Oct. 1.—There has been pracically no authentic news from the Far East in the past week. The latest "information" remains the same, that the attack on Port Arthur grows flercer and flercer, but is still unsuccessful, while Field Marshal Oyama is still preparing an enveloping movement for Gen. Kuropatkin, who is still strengthening Mukden and preparing to retreat to Tieling.

The quid nuncs have devoted much speculation to the reason for the sudden visit of Signor Giolitti, the Italian Premier, to Chancellor von Buelow at Homburg. It is obvious that the Italian statesman would not quit Rome when his duties there were very severe, owing to the general strike which has just ended, unless he had been

There has been a general tendency on the Continent to ascribe the meeting to a project for mediation in the war. Italy, being the least interested of the great Powers in the Far East, is presumed to be the likeliest go-between, but for reasons often explained in this correspondence the dea of mediation may be safely dismissed. These reasons against intervention re-

main as strong as ever; indeed they have been fortified by the change announced at St. Petersburg. The appointment of Gen. Gripenberg to command a second Manchurian army of a quarter of a million men which will be ready to take the offensive in the spring is an event of the highest significance.

Military belief in St. Petersburg ascribes the appointment to an intrgue having for its object the slighting of Gen. Kuropatkin. This is probably, however, only part of the truth. The Spictator, dealing with the Czar's letter appointing Gen. Gripen-berg, suggests a wider view. It says:

"The Czar is not dealing with the present but is preparing for the future. He has rid himself completely, and in publishing his letter rids his subjects, of the delusion that Japan is a small presumptuous Power. He acknowledges publicly that she is a great one, but he remains undaunted and warns his enemies, his own subjects and the world at large that he will go on unflinchingly.

"He has not much confidence in the present army to win a decisive advantage either at Mulden or Tieling, but the only effect of that doubt, as he assures Gen. Gripenberg, is that he will employ a second army so large that it will require a fresh commander-in-chief, and at all events he will fight on.

"The arrangements, whatever they are, with the German Emperor which will enable the Czar to remove legions from the Western frontier, the desperate effort to forward a new fleet to the Far East in time, if not for Gen. Kuropatkin, which is nearly impossible, then for Gen. Gripenberg; the call to all reservists, especially reserve officers of the empire, and the decree placing more than a dozen great governments or provinces under martial law, all point to the same thing-that the House of Romanoff, for the Grand Dukes are all on this side, has resolved to risk revolution rather than give way to this power whose success would terminate Russian dreams of ultimately mastering the world, and in terminating them would bring the autoc acy, perhaps even the dynasty, to a melaneholy end.

"Every resource of the empire shall be strained, every irritated class, even the Jaws, shall be soothed by iemient control, but there shall be no peace which Russian the strained of the strained of the strained class, even the Jaws, shall be no peace which Russia but there shall be no peace which Russia "Just to frighten them," answered the woman.

but there shall be no peace which Russia shall not visibly dictate. That is the re solve which led to the appointment of Gen. Gripenberg.

Official contradiction of the statement that Admiral Alexieff is returning to St. Petersburg has come as a surprise. The desirability of his recall is so universally recognized that the truth of the report was generally accepted. The fact that he is to remain emphasizes more clearly than ever the ascendancy of the Grand Ducal

It is still not clear what the exact position is which the Grand Duke Nicholas will have at the front. Apparently, both Gen. Gripenberg and Gen. Kuropatkin will be under a Generalissimo, either Grand Duke Nicholas or Gen. Dragomiroff, the latter being described as the most determined enemy Gen. Kuropatkin has.

There is no wonder, therefore, that this division of important commands between men of divergent opinions is criticised both here and on the Continent as suggesting a confusion of varying counsels at headquarters most injurious to the prospect of Russian success. Military opinion at St. Petersburg regards it, according to the St. Petersburg correspondent of THF SUN, as a great blunder, while the Vienna correspondent of the Times declares that the news has created as bad an impression in political and military circles as would the news of a fresh disaster to Russian arms.

RUSSIAN ARMY WELL FED.

Car Joins With Kuropatkin in Praising Work of the Commissariat.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. St. Petersburg, Oct. 1 .- Writing to the War Office under date of Sept. 12, Gen. Kuropatkin praises the commissariat officials for their untiring labors. They have, he says, overcome all difficulties in the way of supplying provisions to the army.

The troops are nearly always supplied with bread baked in portable kitchens. This work of the commissary department, the General says, explains why the army has not suffered from dysentery, despite the execrable climatic conditions. The commander requests that the services of the commissariat be brought to the notice

The latter appended a note to the report, expressing great pleasure at the exemplary conduct of the commissariat.

It is stated that Gen. Gripenberg, the commander of the second Manchurian army, will start for the Far East in a month.

FLEET INTENDED TO ESCAPE.

Attempt to Leave Port Arthur Was Planned

a Week Age and May Be Respeated. Special Cable Despaich to THE SUN.

KIAOCHAU, German China, Oct. 1 .- Rusian officers here admit that it was the intention of the commander of the Port Arthur fleet to make an attempt to escape with his squadron a week ago. He may My to go out now at any time.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The Enights of Columbus will celebrate the dis-ceptor of America by Columbus at Carnegic Hall on Oct. 13, when selections from the allegory. The Triumph of Columbus, by S. G. Pratt, will te tives by a chorus of 200. Corporation Counsel John J. Delany will deliver an address.

ABDUCTED LENA MURATY eseph Bubbington of Greenpoint Pur

Under Arrest. Joseph Babbington of 126 Nassau street, ireenpoint, who says he is a married man, 16 years old, was arrested yesterday afternoon by the police of the Liberty avenue station in East New York, charged with abducting Lena Murat, a fifteen-year-old girl who lived with relatives at 93 Grand street, Brooklyn. The girl disappeared from the Grand street house Thursday. The police were notified, and a general

The police were notified, and a general alarm was sent out.

A couple that answered the description of Pabbington and the girl were seen by a policeman in plain clothes coming out of a Raines law hotel yesterday afternoon at Fulton street and Alabama avenue. The man ran when the policeman accosted him. The girl, who proved to be the Murat girl, admitted her identity at the police station and said that Babbington had told her he was going to draw his pay at a place where he worked in the Wallabout Market. He was arrested there. He denied the charge. Babbington's family, it is said, was prominent in East New York at one time.

IROQUOIS THEATRE CASES. The State Decides to Try Will J. Davis

First as a Test Case. CHICAGO, Oct. 1 .- Following Judge Kersten's decision yesterday to permit the de-

sten's decision yesterday to permit the defence in the Iroquois Theatre case to follow up its motion for a change of venue to another county, Assistant States Attorney Barnes has tentatively decided to abandon for a time the prosecution of Business Manager Noonan and Stage Carpenter Cummings and to place Will J. Davis, one of the owners, on trial alone.

In order to combat the motion for a change of venue, the State will have to present many thousands of affidavits to controvert those submitted by the defence and the expense attendant upon such a procedure would be enormous. If the county officials suggest to Mr. Barnes that the cost of the proceedings should be taken into consideration and Mr. Deneen does not object, Mr. Noonan and Mr. Cummings will be put in the background and the prosecution's attention devoted entirely to Mr. Davis.

"If we cannot convict Mr. Davis," said

"If we cannot convict Mr. Davis," said Mr. Barnes, "then there will be no use to try the Noonan and Cummings cases."

THE PRESIDENT'S CALLERS. Several Distinguished Foreigners Received

at the White House. WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 .- President Roose velt received several distinguished foreigners to-day, who are making somewhat extended visits in the United States. Gusextended visits in the United States. Gustave Francotte, the Minister of Industry and Labor of Belgium, was presented to the President by the Belgian Minister. Sir Howard Vincent of England was also received, and the President chatted with him for some time. Sir Howard came to this country as a delegate to the Interparliamentary Congress.

this country as a delegate to the Interparliamentary Congress.

The President spent some time in conversation with Theodore Feilden, editor of the Electrical Mcgrine, of London. Mr. Feilden told the President that he had been deeply impressed with the marvellous progress which the Americans have made in applying electrical power to commercial and industrial uses. In recalling the conversation after he came from the White House, Mr. Feilden said that the President d'splayed a remarkable technical knowledge on electrical subjects.

CALLED WITH A REVOLVER.

Daughter Had Little Discussion With Parents and Winds Up Under 8500 Ball. Peter Everhardt, a civil war veteran, appeared with his hand all bandaged up

She was held in \$500 to keep the peace. JAPS CHECKED BY CAVALRY. Sakharoff Reports Considerable Russian

Activity Until Ferced to Retire. Sr. Petersburg, Oct. 1 .- In a despatch to the Czar Gen. Sakharoff reports that on Sept. 29 the cavalry stopped the offensive movement of the Japanese advance guard towads Yangsingtung and Fengtaipu. On Sept. 30 the cavalry drove the Japanese from Changtan on the right bank of the Hun-ho and burned seventeen junks which were transporting ammunition along the

The cavalry retired on the approach of reenforcements.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC-THIS DAY. Sun rises.....5:56 Sun sets,....5:42 Moon rises.11:26 HIGH WATER—THIS DAY. Sandy Hook.11:54 |Gov. 1'd 12:26 |Hell Gate ... 2:19

Arrived-SATURDAY, Oct. 1. Sa Philadelpaia, Southampton, Sept. 24.
Sa Trebia, Southabasa, July 12.
Sa Seneca, Vera Cruz. Sept. 22.
Sa Dagery, Progreso, Sept. 21.
Sc Castida, St. Luia, Sept. 20.
Sa Camancae, Jacksonville, Sept. 28.
Sa Ji Monte, New Orleans, Sept. 26.
Sa Princess Anne, Noriolk, Sept. 30. ARRIVED OUT.

Ss Bluecher, from New York at Hamburg. Ss Arabic, from New York at Queenstown. Ss New York, from New York at Southampto SAILED FROM POREIGN PORTS.

Se St. Louis, from Southampton for New York.
Se Finland, from Antwerp for New York.
Se Columbia, from Glasgow for New York.
Se its nuam, from Rotterdam for New York.
Se Keenig Albert, from brenen for New York.
Se La i oursine, from Havre for New York.
Se cric, from Duessiown for New York.
Se Etrufa, from Liverpool for New York.
Se Etrufa, from Liverpool for New York.
Se Hamburg, from Boulogne for New York.

OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS.
Sell To morrow.
Mails
Close. Princess Anne, Norfolk... Huron, Charleston.

Soil Tuesday, Oct. 4.

Kalser Wilh'm II. Bremen 7 30 A M
Moltke, Hamburg.
Prinz Adalbert, Naples.
Carpathla, Liverpool
Yucatan, Colon.
Oomanche, Charleston.
Hamilton, Norfolk.
LI Monte, Galveston.
Soil Wadaanday, Oct. 5. Sall Wednesday, Oct. 5. Arabic, Liverpool. 7 30 A M

Potedam, Rotterdam	7 30 A M	10 00 A M
Tennuson Para	12 00 M	11114411
Davima, St. Thomas		3 00 P M
Comus. New Oricans	*******	12 00 M
Stange Calveston	*******	8 00 P M
Monroe, Norfolk	********	8 00 P M
Marie Company		
	RTEAMSHIPS.	
	o-day.	
Brooklyn City	Swanses	Sept. 15
Vumurl	Sentiago	Sept. 26
Due To-	morrow.	
Zeeland	Antwerp	Sept. 24
Oscar II	hristiansand	Sept. 28
Oscar II	& Guayra	Sept. 19
Marscalbo. El Dia Comus Catania	alveston	Sept. 27
Comus	New Orleans	Sept. 28
Catania	Barbagos	Sept. 28
Wanges City	Savannan	Sept. 30
Due Tuesd	au. Oct. 4.	
Kalser Wilb'm der Grosse.	Bremen	Sept. 27
Concho	raiveston	Sept. 28
Alliança	ackeemydlie.	.Oct. 1
Mohican	acksonvine	Oct. 1
Due Wednes	day. Oct. s.	MA DESTRUCTION
Majestic	Averpool	Sept. 28
Cant Walderson	ARDOUTE	- : Sept. 24
Bordeaux. Louislans.	avre	Sept. 24
Louislans	New Orleans	Sept. 29
El Norie	Barreston	sehi- 28
Due Thursd	ley. Cet. 6.	
man a Materiana	Wares	Sent. 25

MARQUIS ACCUSED OF FRAUD.

WEALTHY PARISIAN CHARGED WITH BEING AN IMPOSTOR.

eded to Title and Wealth of De Casa Riera, Who Rose From Poverty to Be Grandee of Spain—Banished for Killing Wife, Who Bore Him a Black Son.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
PARIS, Oct. 1.—An examining magistrate investigating a case which is exciting Paris as the Tichborne trial excited England in 1871. The venerable Marquis de Casa Riera, who lives in a palatial house on the Rue de Bevir, and whose fortune is estimated at \$80,000,000, is charged with being an impostor and with having succeeded to the fortune and title by fraud.

Vast estates in France and Spain are involved. They are now held by the Marquis, who asserts that he is the lawful heir to the late Marquis de Casa Rie a, who died in Paris when over 90 years of age.

The history of the late Marquis is romantic. When only a handsome miller's boy, 20 years of age, in Catalonia, he was attached to the suite of a great lady. He eventually became an army contractor and amassed a large fortune.

Finally he was made a grandee of Spain. He built a superb plaace at Madrid and married a handsome young woman many years his junior. A few years later, when his young wife gave birth to a colored son, the old Marquis sent for her and her paramour, who was a black cook employed by him, and another servant, who was an accomplice, and killed all three with a

As he was a grandee of Spain, only the Sovereign could deal with such a case. Queen Isabella sentenced him to banishment for life. The Marquis realized on a considerable portion of his wealth, came to Paris and managed his affairs so successfully that his fortune was a colossal one

In his will he left the whole of his fortune to his sister's sons. José, Alejandro and Genzalo, in the order named. José died a few days after the Marquis and Alejandro accordingly came to Paris and took possession of the sestate. This was the present Marquis.

A financial syndicate has taken up the case of a claimant named Pedro. He has produced the death certificate of the real Alejandro, showing that he died in a village near Barcelona in 1878, three years before the death of the late Marquis. Alejandro, the present holder of the title, declares that the certificate is a forgery which he has had cancelled and the authors condemned.

The claimant further declares that the real Alejandro was born at Barcelona in 1823, whereas, the present Marquis, according to the royal Spanish decree investing him with the title when he succeeded to it, and the French decree making him Commander of the Legion of Honor, was born in Madrid in 1843. Thus the Alejan-dro alleged to be real by the claimant, if alive, would be 81 years of age, while the present holder of the title does not look to be more than 70.

It is furthe alleged that the Humberts. the notoriou- indiers, were aware of the present holde alleged act of usurpation and used their knowledge on several occasions to make him provide a million france worth of bonds, which the Madame showed to credulous customers. The case is exciting enormous interest, especially as the Marquis has been attacked from three different quarters by persons who have taken up the interests of pretended heirs.

BLOW TO AMERICAN "SHOPPERS." Lendon Tradesmen Object to Visitors Over-

hauling the Stock and Not Buying. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Oct. 1 .- While many London tradesmen are putting forth their utmost efforts to secure the custom of American visitors, some complain that Americans are too much given to overhauling and examining stock without making purchases. A large drapery and general firm in the West End has placed the following notice over its main entrance: "To American Visitors: This is not a

museum, but a shop." West End tradesmen , who have long complained of the habits of women cus tomers have formed the Costumers' and Milliners' Protective Association. Cases have been frequent where husbands have successfully repudiated their wives' debts. and the tradesmen, knowing the impossibility of asking a woman whether she is dealing on her own account or pledging her husband's credit, will attempt, through the new association, to have a change made

band for his wife's debts. They have had drafted a bill which will be submitted to the Government, to remedy the cause of the present complaint. It proposes that both husband and wife shall be deemed liable for all sums of money owing on contracts arising out of the supply of wearing apparel to a married woman Thus a judgment obtained against both may be executed against either.

in the law relating to the liability of a hus-

FILIPINO COMMISSIONERS HOME. Welcomed to Manila After Their Tour of This Country.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Manila, Oct. 1 .- Five thousand schoolchildren, the unions and native clubs, in procession, to-day received and escorted the Filipino members of the Philippine Commission who have returned from a tour of the United States. Gov. Wright released the Commissioners in a strong conservative speech, in which he charged the returned travellers to initiate a propaganda of peace, especially remembering the solid lessons they had learned of the power, progress and justice of the United

States. Commissioner Benito Legardo, in reply, pledged himself to use his newly acquired knowledge for the benefit of the islands. He added that his colleagues had been greatly impressed with the disposition manifested in the important sections of the United States to grant the aspirations of the Filipinos.

All the speakers avoided reference to the question of the ultimate independence of the islands.

LADY CURZON IMPROVING. She Passed a Fair Night and Is Taking

Nourishmet Well. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, Oct. 1 .- A bulletin issued at Walmer Castle this morning announced that Lady Curzon had passed a fair night and was taking nourishment well. A bulletin issued from Walmer Castle tonight states that Lady Curzon passed a

quiet day and made some progress. Miss Helen Benedict to Be Married Abroad.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN . LONDON, Oct. 1.-The marriage of Miss Helen Benedict, daughter of Henry H. Benedict of New York, president of the Remington Typewriter Company, to A. A. Forest of New York will be solemnized at St. George's Church, Hanover Square, Sept. 22 | on Oct. 11.

COMPULSORY CHAPEL AT YALE: President Hadley Tells Why the Authorities Keep Up the Custom.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 1 .- In an appeal for greater decorum at chapel exercises. President Hadley to-day defined the position of the Yale faculty on the subject of compulsory attendance at religious exer-

"In the matter of retention of compulsory attendance at daily chapel," he said "Yale has been more conservative than most of the colleges and universities. It is a custom that has existed here since the founding of the school. We have retained it because we feel that it is of value, not only as a religious exercise, but because it has given a coherence and unity to under-graduate life which nothing else can. And when I say we, I mean not only the corpora-

when I say we, I mean not only the corporation and faculty of Yale College, but the
great mass of alumni and the undergraduate
body.

"If at any time we become convinced
that the deliberate and well considered
opinion of the student body is opposed to
compulsory chapel, I can promise you that
measures will be considered to abolish it."

Dr. Hadley concluded with an appeal for
less unseemly haste in following the president down the aisle when chapel ends.

TIRED OF UNION MONOPOLY. Tile Layers' Helpers Decide to Ignore the

Old Apprentice Rule. The Tile, Grate and Mantel Association announced a lock-out yesterday against the Tile Layers' Union, and the Tile Layers' Helpers Union, which is composed of ap-

prentices, struck in sympathy. Under the union rule no one could become a full fledged tile laver without first being a member of the helpers' union and paying an initiation fee of \$150. There are now in the helpers' union gray haired "apprentices" who have been for twenty years

Tired of this arrangement a number of the helpers broke away yesterday and joined the new union which the employers are backing. The wages of helpers are \$3.50 a day, but the seceders were at once put to work as tile layers at \$5 a day.

VERNON HARCOURT DEAD. Former Liberal Leader of the House of Commons Succumbs to Heart Failure.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, Oct. 1.—The Right Hon. Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the former Liberal leader, died this morning at Newnham, Gloucestershire, at the age of 77. He was a member of Parliament for the West Division of Monmouthshire, but had announced his intention of retiring soon. His son, Mr. Lewis Harcourt, was elected to Parliament on March 15 last.

Sir William was apparently in his usual health yesterday. He died in his sleep. The cause of death was heart failure.

The Right Hon. Sir William George Gran-ville Venables Vernon harcot rt. M. P., LL. D., F. R. S., was born on Oct. 14, 1827. He was a son of the Rev. William Vernon and a grandson of the Most Rev. and Right Hon. Edward Vernon, Archbishop of York. In Sir William's early boyhood the main line of the earldom of Harcourt, to which he was connected through his maternal he was connected through his maternal grandmother, who was a descendant of the Winning Harcourt of Dean Swift's satire, became extinct and the Archbishop of York

became extinct and the Archbishop of York assumed the name. From that time the Vernons were the Vernon Harcourts.

Sir William was graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge, at the age of 24, taking both classical and mathematical honors in the class of 1851. He read law for three years and became a barrister of the Inner Temple in 1854, going on the home circuit. After a year or two of rather indifferent practice he began writing for the newspapers and periodicals. When a friend of the family asked his father why William had given up the law, the old gentleman replied:

had given up the law, the old gentleman replied:

"He has strong opinions on about all the great questions of the day. He is sure that the people of Britain will steer straight if they can only know his views and follow them. When he has his pride of opinion, he will go back to the law."

While he didn't altogether forsake his profession, young Harcourt gave the most of his time for the next ten years to newspaper work. He became one of the earliest contributors to the Saturday Review. His work as a reviewer defined his interest in politics and, in 1858, he stood as an inin politics and, in 1858, he stood as an in-dependent Liberal for Kirk caldy. He was defeated and went back to his writing and to law. Up to 1860 nothing he wrote attracted very general attention, but in that year the *Times* printed a series of articles on points of international law, including the Trent affair, which was raised by the

American civil war.

The articles were signed "Historicus" and attracted such very general attention that half London was asking about the identity of the writer. In due time it became known that Harcourt was the author and he at once become recognized as an and he at once became recognized as an authority on international law. He was appointed a Queen's Counsel in 1886, and two years later made his first entrance into Parliament as a Liberal member for the city of Oxford. In 1869 he was elected Whewell professor of international law at Cambridge. Shortly afterward he was made a member of the royal commissions for amending the neutrality and naturali-

By this time his law practice had become lucrative, but he was then more interested in politics than in law. Although a Liberal, he did not hesitate to criticise acts of Mr. Gladstone's first Ministry, and in 1873
Gladstone made him Solicitor-General in
order, it was said at the time, to be rid
of so sharp a critic. When Gladstone returned to power in 1880 Sir William was
nominated Secretary of State for the Home

turned to power in 1880 Sir William was nominated Secretary of State for the Home Department. The nomination had hardly been published when he was defeated for reelection from Oxford. The late William Plimsoll saved him, however, by resigning the seat for Derby, and Harcourt was elected for Derby.

Going out of office with his party in 1885 he came back with the Liberal victory of 1886 as Chancellor of the Exchequer. While holding this office he put in force an inheritance tax, called "death duties," which raised a great to-do among the rich of England and which severely embarrassed two or three great houses which happened to have two deaths in the same year. No subsequent Chancellor of the Exchequer has seen fit to abolish the tax.

Since 1886 Sir William sat continuously in Parliament. He was a great friend of Gladstone, but split with him on Irish Home Rule, and the two never agreed politically after that. He was regarded as one of the most impressive orators in England, and after Gladstone the most brilliant debater in the House of Commons. A few weeks ago he announced that he would retire from politics. He was married twice, his second wife being the widowed daughter of John Lothrop Motley, the American historian. He leaves a son, Lewis Vernon Harcourt, Member of Parliament for the Rossendale division of Lancashire.

Obltuary Notes.

Alonzo Forbes, who died on Friday of apoplexy at his home, 949 Lafayette avenue. Brooklyn, in his seventy-sixth year, from the police force three years ago, after a ontinuous service of forty-seven years. His post for twenty-five years had been at the Twenty-third street ferryhouse. He was also a veteran volunteer fireman. His career as a policeman was remarkable from the fact that he never received even a reprimand. His wife and three daughters survive him.

mand. His wife and three daughters survive him.

Floyd Robert Emmitt died yesterday at his home, 24 Prospect place, East Orange, N. J. He was 66 years old and is survived by a wife and three sons, Samuel Roe Emmitt of Chillicothe, Ohio, and James K. Emmitt and Harry G. Emmitt of Columbus, Ohio, He was born in Waverly, Ohio, Eor many years Mr. Emmitt was engaged as a distiller. He was also known as an inyentor. Charles H. Gere, editor of the State Journal of Lincoln, Neb., died on Friday night of heart neurleft. He went from Gainesville, N. Y. to Lincoln thirty-five years ago and was one of the best known men in the West.

JAPANESE DRUG STORE.



Japs Use Pe-ru-na. This fact is tes- | War tified to by recent travelers in Japan, who have observed Peruna displayed in Japanese drug stores, in show windows and by means of placards.

The Japs Use Pe-ru-na. This might or might not account for their strenuous, active habits. We are not prepared to say. The Japs are notably a healthy people. They are courageous, supple and capable of great endurance. Their climate is not very productive of catarrh and catarrhal diseases, yet they are in some degree afflicted with this world's scourge.

The Japs Use Pe-ru-na. They have been quick to adopt all American customs. They have adopted our manner of government, our fashions as to dress, our mode of warfare, our public school system, and they have even adopted our custom of taking Peruna for catarrhal diseases.

The Japs Use Pe-ru-na. The Japs are the Yankees of the Orient. They move quickly. They are positive. Peruna exactly fits in this sort of life. Busy people have no time to bother with catarrh. Colds are irksome and hold them back. They want to get rid of them quickly. Nothing acts so promptly as Peruna. Peruna prevents catarrh by nipping it in the bud.

The Japs Use Pe-ru-na. Quick action,—this is characteristic of Peruna and characteristic of the Japs. It is very natural, indeed, and inevitable that the Japs should use Peruna. They are up to the times. They adopt all good things. They do not have to be told twice.

Artists Use Pe-ru-na. Mr. H. B. Manly, Assistant War Artist to London "Black and White" and "Collier's Weekly" during the uprising in China, writes: "When a man travels in extreme hot or cold climates he realizes how valuable a friend he has if he carries a bottle of Peruna. I know of no article in my traveling outfit which I have learned to praise higher."

War Correspondents Use Pe-ru-na. Mr. F.
B. Richards, 609 E street, N. W., Washington,
D. C., War Correspondent, writes: "Six years ago I was ordered to Cuba as staff correspondent of the New York Sun. I was in charge of a Sun despatch boat through the Spanish-American War. The effect of the tropical climate and the nervous strain showed plainly on my return to the States. A brother newspaper man, who had served in the war, induced me to give a faithful trial to Peruna. I did so. To-day I am able to work as hard as at any time in my life."

Civil War Veterans Use Pe-ru-na. Corpora John Finn, veteran soldier of the Civil War' Grand Army man and commander of John A' Rawlins Post No. 1, Dep't of the Potomac, Grand Army of the Republic, writes: "Peruna was recommended to me by many of my associates. I have found it a most agreeable and effective tonic, pleasant and soothing. I have suffered from rheumatism and catarrhal afflictions, and have found Peruna most beneficial.

Thousands Use Pe-ru-na. We have in our files thousands of testimonials like the above. We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast array of interesting endorsements Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving from grateful people who have used his remedy, Peruna.

FRENCH PLAN TO CURB CHURCH

COMBES TO PLAY WAITING GAME WITH TENTATIVE SCHEME.

This Provides for Helping Out Farmers in Paying Church Taxes, the Leasing of Religious Buildings and Allowing Some Freedom in Forming Associations.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
PARIS, Oct. 1.—It is not considered likely now that Premier Combes will draft a scheme of his own for the separation of Church and State, but will submit a scheme drawn up by Aristide Bruant and thus secure a double advantage. If the bill is defeated, the Government need not resign. while if it is adopted it can find p excuses for delaying its execution. M Bruant, in giving the broad outlines of

his scheme, says: "The budget of worship will be suppressed, but the unconfiscated part will be devoted to paying the pensions of actual ministers of worship and the balance will go for the lessening of taxation of small farmers, who form the chief support of the Church.

"If the Church has inspired these farmers with a lively faith she can recover the money as individual, but no longer as collective, contributions. If the farmer is not sufficiently fervent to make a personal sacrifice it is not the duty of the State to supply him with faith. "In regard to the church buildings, they

will be leased to actual holders for ten years, but the tenants will have to keep them in complete repair at their own expense for that time. The transitional period of ten years should be enough to enable the churches to make other definite arrangements for the future. "Considerable license will be allowed the

clergy for the purpose of grouping themselves into associations. There may be parish and diocesan associations, why not national ones? This would enable the rich parishes to help support poor ones and form a solidarity not much practised in the Church in France at present.

"In regard to the supervision of worship, the State will forbid all ministers from turning religious services into political meetings. In their sermons they must not attack the President, the Ministers or the Chambers, nor foment a rising against the execution of law. In their private capacity, however, they will enjoy the same liberty as other citizens for the expression of political views.

"The question of dealing with external signs, religious emblems and processions is left to municipalities. The usage in regard to clerical costume is left free, but loses its privileges in regard to the legal oath which each may take according to his

DON'T MAKE LOVE IN CHURCH. Watch Set on English Cathedral to Drive Out Plirtatious Couples.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, Oct. 1 .- The dean of Norwich last Sunday devoted his sermon to a protest against the prevailing habit of young people using the Cathedral during holy service as a place to carry on lovemaking and flirtations. Seventy stewards and one detective

people who look frivolous are compelled to take front seats. If they continue a whispering flirtation they are politely shown out of the sacred building. Coal Black Chipmunk Found.

have now been enrolled for the purpose of

preventing flirting in the nave. Any young

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 1 .- The Manchester Institute of Arts and Sciences has been presented with , specimen of a coal black chipmunk, a freak that is believed to black chipmunk, a freak that is believed to be without a counterpart in any museum in the country. Cases of albinoism are not infrequent, but local naturalists say they never before heard of a case of melanism among squirrels. This specimen is exactly like the common chipmunk, in all except color, which is an even, glossy black, with-out the slightest trace of a stripe. This chipmunk was found on Uncanoonuc Mountain in Gonstewn.

Clothing for Boys.

Not merely one or two advantages, but every one possible is offered here:-

We design our garments to produce exclusive effects. Manufacture our clothing under the most careful supervision. Thoroughly test all fabrics to insure durability. And sell direct to the consumer at one moderate profit.

These, together with the largest assortment of sizes. textures and patterns, have made our boys' apparel the acknowledged standard.

60-62 West 23d Street.

\$1 A WEEK ON \$10 INVESTED. HAD \$5,200 IN HIS POCKET. Get-Rich-Quick Grain Game Circulars Land Young Man in Court.

William J. Connors, a youth of nineteen was arrested yesterday on information sent to Inspector McClusky by numerous Western farmers who claimed to have received from him circulars describing a grain speculation game whereby they could make \$1 a week on every \$10 invested. Each letter enclosed one of the circulars.

The circulars were signed "W. J. Connors & Co., 37 West Seventeenth street, New York." When Detective Sergeant McConville called at the address he found a pale young man seated at a table in a small hall bedroom on the third floor. Before him were a big pile of circulars which, McConville says, he was signing, a can of beer and a box of cigarettes.

Connors, when arraigned before Magistrate Barlow in the Tombs police court, said that he had not realized any money upon his scheme, but he was hopeful, and sure. also, that he had violated no law. McConville also, that he had violated no law. McConville
then dropped a bundle of the letters which
the police had received from the Western
farmers on the Magistrate's desk.
The prisoner was hald for trial in the
Court of Special Sessions on a charge of
conducting business as a firm without
filing a certificate in the County Clerk's

French Wheat Crop Falls Off.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, Oct. 1.—The French wheat crop is
24,000,000 hectolitres below the estimate. but the reserves at hand nearly supply the eficiency.

Detafield-Folsom.

LENOX, Mass., Oct. 1 .- In Trinity Episcopal Church at noon to-day Miss Winifred Folsom, fifth daughter of George Wint rope Folsom of Lenox, was married to Edward Henry Delafield of New York. Among others present Delafield of New York. Among others present were the British and German Ambassadors, members of the Diplomatic Corps, almost the entire body of Lenox cottagers and their large house parties, which they have been entertaining this week for the wedding and the pre-nuptial festivities. The Rev. Harold Arrowsmith, rector of the church, offici, ted. Bishop Satterlee, whose son, the late Rev. Churchill Satterlee, married a Miss Folsom, gave the benediction. The ushers were Victor Formet, Frederick Battershall, Ferdinand Jebon, Oakley Vanderpool, Howard Dickinson and John Dix. The maid of honor was Miss Georgette Folsom, and the maids, Miss Cornelia Delafield, Miss Gertrude Poll, Miss Janette Fish of New York and Miss Elsie Bacon of Boston. The bride was escorted to the chancel by her father, who gave her away. There followed at Sunny Ridge, the country residence of Mr. and Mrs. Folsom, a wedding breakfast and reception. Mr. Delafield is a son of Dr. Francis D.; field and is an official of the National Park Rank of New York and a member of many New York clubs. were the British and German Ambassador

many New York clubs.

Aged Man, Identity Unknown, Found Wandering and Drunk in Willimantic.

WILLIMATIC, Conn., Oct. 1 .- An aged man, poorly-dressed, was found wandering the streets of this city to-day in an intoxicated condition. He had \$5,244.45 in his pocket. He was detained at police headquarters until his identity could be ascertained. He told conflicting stories as to his name, residence and where he secured the money. Letters in his pockets had addresses of several New York bankers.

DOLLY ON AN AIR CRUISE. Ship on a Sign Made Wulfers's Song Bird

Dolly, a parrot belonging to Richard Wulfers of 568 Eighth avenue, has gone in search of adventures. For many years she has roosted on a sign in front of Wulfers's store and invited people in.

Of late she has worn a discontented air. A few doors from Wulfers's hangs a sign resembling an airship, and it seems to have provoked yearnings in Dolly's sou!. She provoked yearnings in Dolly's sou!. She used to spend nost of her time singing "Du Bist Verrueckt Mein Kind." On The raday she was heard trying a stave of "Goodby, Dolly, I Must Leave You."

Later in the day she went sailing down Eighth avenue for parts unknown. A remain is afformable for Dolly's relayer.

Cures Grip and

The first signs of having taken Cold are a chill or shiver-a scrapy throat or a sneeze-a disposition to perspire, and al-

ways that tired feeling.
A few doses of Dr. Humphreys' "Seventyseven" will restore the checked circulation, start the blood coursing through the veins

and break up the Cold. "77" will also break up Colds that hang on and do not yield to other treatment. "77" cures Coughs, Colds, Grip, Influenza, Catarrh, Pains and Soreness in the Head and Chest, Hoarseness, Sore Throat,

General Prostration and Fever. At Druggists, 25 cents each, or mailed.

John Streets, New York.